



FABA BEAN AGRONOMY

Sherrilyn Phelps, MSc., P.Ag., CCA

March 9th, 2016 – WARC

SASKATCHEWAN

pulse
Growers



TOPICS TO COVER

- Acres
- Agronomy
- 2015 Experience
- Economics



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

INTEREST IN FABBA BEANS

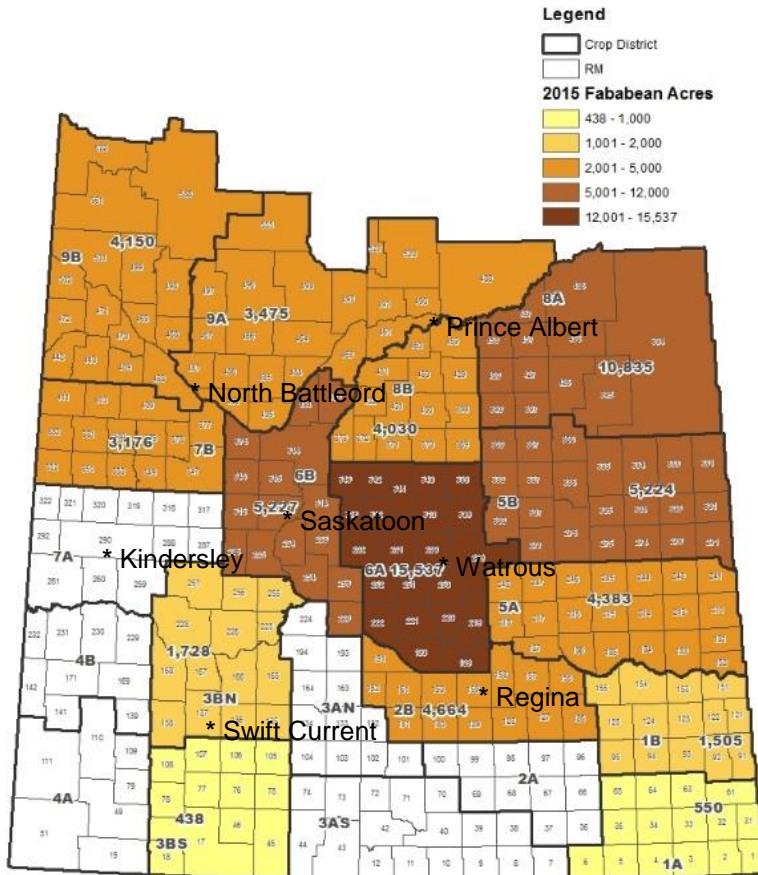
Acreage in Western Canada – Crop Insurance Acreage

Year	AB	SK	MB	Total
2014	80,000	20,000		100,000
2015	110,000	61,792	9,040	>180,000
2016	???	???	???	???

Crop Insurance – only 70-85% of acres grown

2015 Fababean Acres by Crop District

Fababean Acres = 66,085



Likes moisture &
Tolerates wet feet
= wetter regions

AGRONOMY OF FABA BEAN



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

CROP MATURITY

Crop	Maturity (days)
Canola	88-100
SWS wheat	105
CPS wheat	101-103
HRS wheat	98-103
Barley	91
Oat	96
Peas	86-94
Flax	101
Canary Seed	104 – 106
Mustard	92-98

Crop	Maturity (days)
Fababean	105-109
Hemp	80-120
Corn	120
Soybean	119-124
Sunflower	108-119
Quinoa	90?-125 Colorado
Camelina	90

TYPES

Tannin (4 to 9%)

(brown seed coat &
black dot)



Low Tannin (Zero) (<1%)
(white flower & cream seed coat)

Variety	Type*	Breeding Program/Distributors	Seed size	DTM
Snowdrop	Low Tannin	University of Saskatchewan / SPG	335	104
Snowbird	Low Tannin	Limagrain Nederland Bob Park – Lacombe, AB	495	104
Imposa	Low Tannin	Limagrain Nederland Cyre Seed Farms	695	107
Tabasco	Low Tannin	NPZ Lemke / DL seeds	530	106
Taboar	Tannin	Globe Seeds - Netherland Terramax	480	107
CDC Fatima	Tannin	University of Saskatchewan Legumex Walker	520	105
Malik (FB 9-4)	Tannin	University of Saskatchewan Saskcan Pulse Trading/AGT	680	104
CDC SSNS-1	Tannin	University of Saskatchewan Meier Brothers	335-350	105
Florent	Tannin	NPZ Lemke / DL Seeds	660	107
Fabelle	Tannin	NPZ Lemke / DL Seeds	533	105
Vertigo	Tannin	NPZ Lemke / DL Seeds	571	106

Varieties of Grain Crops: Saskatchewan

SEEDING RATES

- Target 45 plants/m² (4-5/ft²)
- 60 lbs/bushel
- Know your seed size!

	<u>TKW (g)</u>	<u>kg/ha</u>	<u>bu/acre</u>
Malik (FB9-4)	680 (805)	360	5.3 (6.3)
Snowbird	495	262	3.9
Snowdrop	335	177	2.6

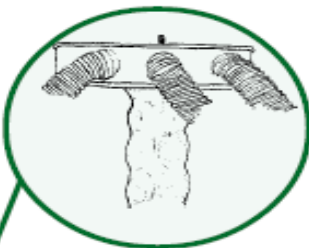
SEEDING

- **2-3 inches deep**
- **Cross pollinate** - Keep types/varieties separate by at least 100m (Dr. Vandenberg suggests 500m) or will have a lot of outcrossing
- **Seed treatments** – low tannin varieties higher risk (Apron products/ Stress Shield)

Distributor heads

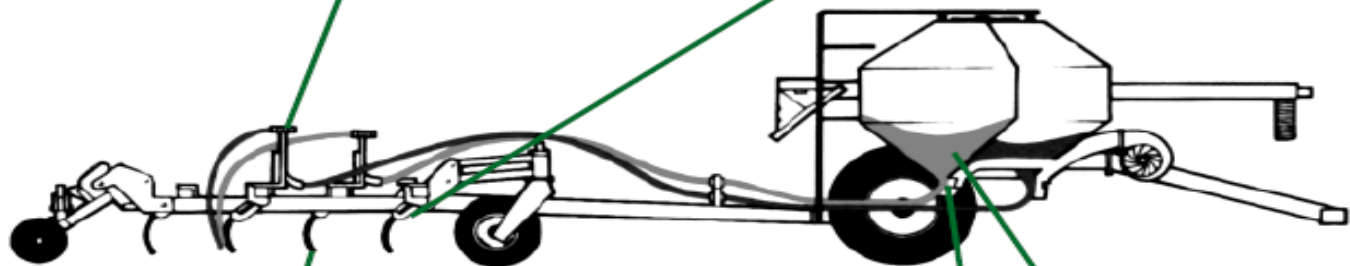
Seeds can be damaged as they hit the distributor head.

Blockages occur at outlet holes.



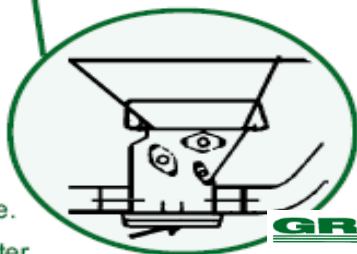
Tubes

Hoses block on bends.



Seed box

Check for bridging, especially following transport.



Metering device

Check roller type for seed clearance and possible seed damage.

Check device can meter correct seeding rate.

Seeding boot

Blockages occur, especially if boot narrows or changes in shape from circular to oblong.



Go slow!!! Check often!!!

Source: S. H



POTENTIAL FOR HUGE BIOMASS

Source: Olson, M.A. 2014

July 5, 2013



July 20, 2013



FERTILITY

Compiled by the



Canadian Fertilizer Institute
Institut canadien des engrais

		N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ O	S
		lbs/acre			
Oilseeds					
Pulse Crops*					
Peas	uptake	138 - 168	38 - 46	123 - 150	11 - 14
50 bu/A (3360 kg/ha)	removal	105 - 129	31 - 38	32 - 39	6 - 7
Lentils	uptake	82 - 101	22 - 27	69 - 84	8 - 10
30 bu/A (2016 kg/ha)	removal	55 - 67	17 - 20	29 - 36	4 - 5
Fababeans	uptake	257 - 314	89 - 108	229 - 280	12 - 15
50 bu/A (3808 kg/ha)	removal	154 - 188	55 - 67	47 - 57	6 - 8

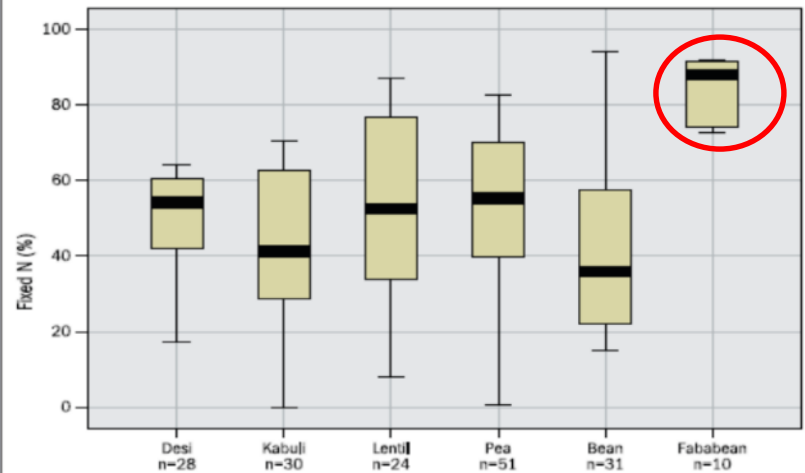
- Faba much higher uptake of P than peas
(1.1 to 1.3 lbs P per bushel; peas at 0.7)
- Safe rate seed placed P is 40 lb/acre actual (P+K)

NITROGEN FIXATION

(Dr. Fran Walley, U of S)



Figure 1: Percentage of N derived from fixation for pulse crops grown in Western Canada



The data was compiled from published research reports and papers.
The thick dark line indicates the median value, the box represents 50% of all data,
and the whiskers contain the remaining 50% of the data.

Faba - highest N-fixing legume grain crop

N fixed in Western Canada (dryland)

	<u>lbs N / acre (average)</u>
Alfalfa	100 – 250 (175)
Pea	50 – 150 (100)
Lentil	30 – 120 (75)
Faba Bean	80 – 160 (120)

Source: Dr. J. Schoenau, U of Saskatchewan

INOCULANT PRODUCTS

Rhizobium leguminosarum:

pea, lentil, faba, chickling vetch

Faba bean specific products:

BASF (formerly BeckerUnderwood) - Nodulator® peat

Monsanto Bio-AG (formerly Novozymes) - Tag Team granular

NO INOCULANT VS SEED APPLIED



Faba bean inoculant trial – G. Hnatowich,
ICDC
Indian Head site July 21 2015

RESIDUAL HERBICIDES

2nd season after application of the following (ie. 22 months recropping)

Muster (Toss-N-Go / Gold II), Assert, Everest, Triton C

Clopyralid (<123 gai/ac)

(Lontrel, Curtail M, Prestige XC, Eclipse III, Flaxmax, Spectrum*)

Banvel II/Oracle (high rates >0.5L/ac)

Fall Applied (ie. 18 months recropping)

PrePass (fall application)

2,4-D (high rates applied in fall)

Best Guess as little
work on recropping to
faba beans!!

WEED CONTROL (REGISTERED PRODUCTS)

Pre-emergence products:

Glyphosate

Glyphosate + Express
(Tribenuron)

Edge

Trifluralin / Trifluralin +
Sencor (metribuzin)

In crop:

Basagran & Basagran Forte

Odyssey

Poast Ultra (grassy weed control)

Assure II (quizalofop)
(grassy weed control)

PEST MANAGEMENT

Grow it...they will come.....



Source: Olson, M.A. 2014

LYGUS

- Higher risk areas in SK are where high canola or alfalfa acres (NE and Meadow Lake)
- Max 1% damage for No. 1 grade
- Hard to control as insect moves back in after insecticide application



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2014



Source: Olson, M.A. 2014

OTHER INSECTS

Blister Beetles

Pea Leaf Weevil

Grasshoppers

Leafhoppers (AY)

Aphids



Source Sask. Agric.



DISEASE

Chocolate Spot – botrytis

Ascochyta

Alternaria

Sclerotinia

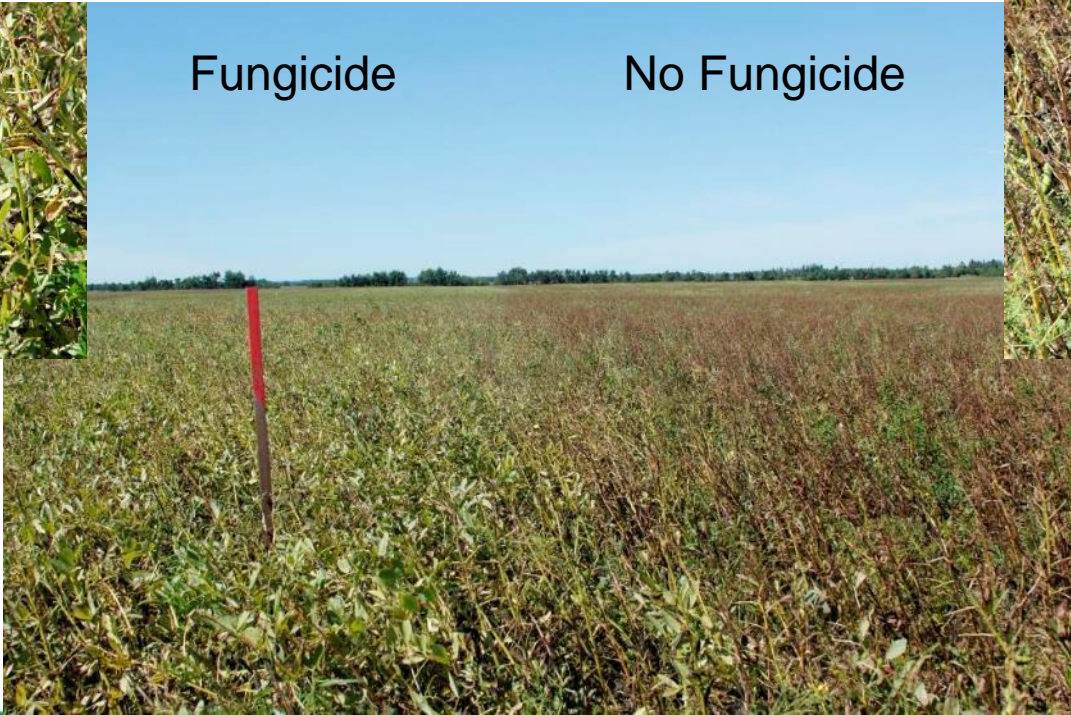


Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

DISEASE

Fungicide

No Fungicide



Photos: K. Stonehouse, SMA (North of Tisdale)

LEAF BURNING = NOT CHOC SPOT



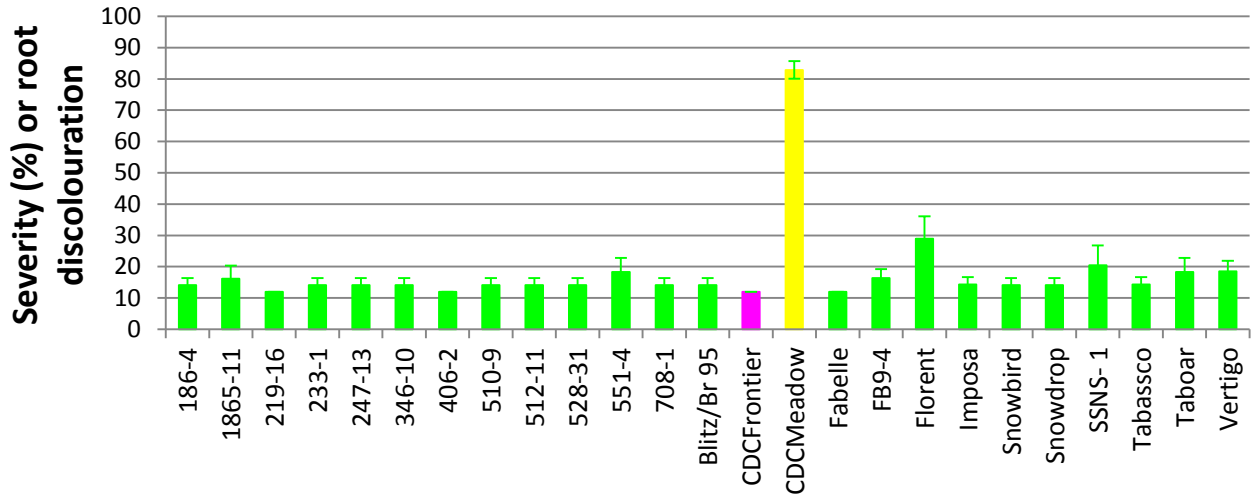


Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015



APHANOMYCES ROOT ROT

- **Faba beans** varieties have more tolerance than **pea / lentil** but similar to **chickpea**



FLOWERING

Start flowering 8-10 node stage = 12" high

Flowers located approx. 8"

BBCH Staging guide suggests:

Start of flowering – 1 flower open on 1 raceme per plant

Full flower - flowers open at 5 racemes/plant

End of flower - first pods visible

FLOWERING STAGES:

START

FULL

END



ONLY ABOUT ¼ OF FLOWERS PRODUCE PODS!



Flowers/pods abort:

- >27 degrees C
- Hot & dry during podding
- Lack of pollinators (bees)
- presence of disease

3-4 SEEDS PER POD AVERAGE



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

HARVEST MANAGEMENT

- physiologically mature when 90% of plants have color change

Pre-harvest weed control: glyphosate

Dessicant: Reglone/diquat products

STANDABILITY IS GOOD

Faba beans



Peas



Photo: S. Phelps, SPG from Medstead, September 2015

COMBINING

- straight cut approximately 6-8" off the ground
 - shorter stubble allow easier seeding (no plugging between shanks) the next spring.
- 16% moisture is dry
- combine at 18-20% and aerate
- Don't use lifters (pop pods)

HARVEST YIELDS

- Target yield in AB is 50 - 60 bu/acre
- AB 10 year average is 39 bu/acre
- SK 10 year average is 35, 2014 averaged 38 bu/acre (source SCIC), 2015 still waiting....
- outyields peas under good moisture, less than peas under drier conditions

2015 EXPERIENCE – DRY SPRING

Hill tops



Low area



FROST & CUTWORMS - REGROWTH FROM SEED



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

END OF JULY

Saskatoon (U of S)



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015



Melfort (Randy Cay) – 50 bu/acre

OUTLOOK JULY 30 (ICDC VARIETY TRIALS)

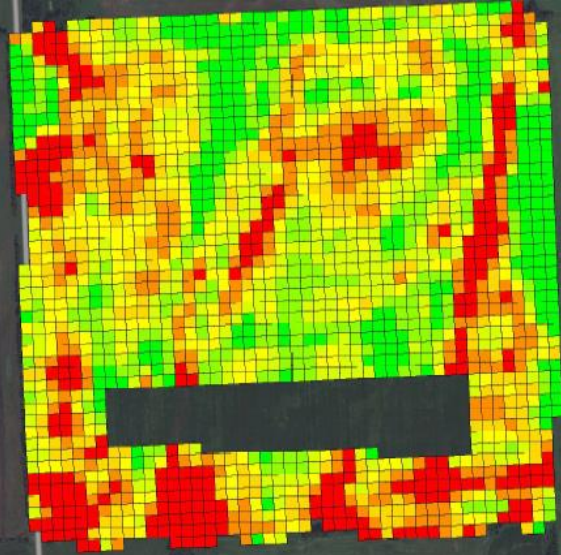
Gary Hnatowich



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

Medstead (Terrel Hill)

35 to 65 bu/acre (58 pea)



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015



Operation Summary

Grower : Terrel Hill

Field : GERALDS

Year : 2015

Operation : Grain Harvest

Crop / Product : FABABEANS

Area : 137.06 ac

Avg. Moisture : 10.68 %

Average Estimated Volume (Dry) : 52.01 bu/ac

Estimated Volume (Dry) (bu/ac)

Green	64.30 - 102.96	(22.36 ac)
Light Green	58.50 - 64.30	(22.44 ac)
Yellow-Green	54.23 - 58.50	(22.36 ac)
Yellow	50.44 - 54.23	(22.44 ac)
Orange	46.53 - 50.44	(22.36 ac)
Red-Orange	41.87 - 46.53	(22.44 ac)
Red	7.64 - 41.87	(22.36 ac)

Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015



20 bu/acre

COMPARED TO PEAS IN 2015 (BU/ACRE)

Location	Faba Bean	Pea
Meadow Lake	45	50 (+5)
Goodsoil	30	40 (+10)
Wilkie	29	25 (-4)
Nakomis/Simpson	30	(+7-8)
Welwyn	54	50 (+4)
North Battleford	20	25 (+5)
Medstead	35 to 65	58

In dry years expect peas to outyield faba bean, in wet years faba beans should outyield peas!

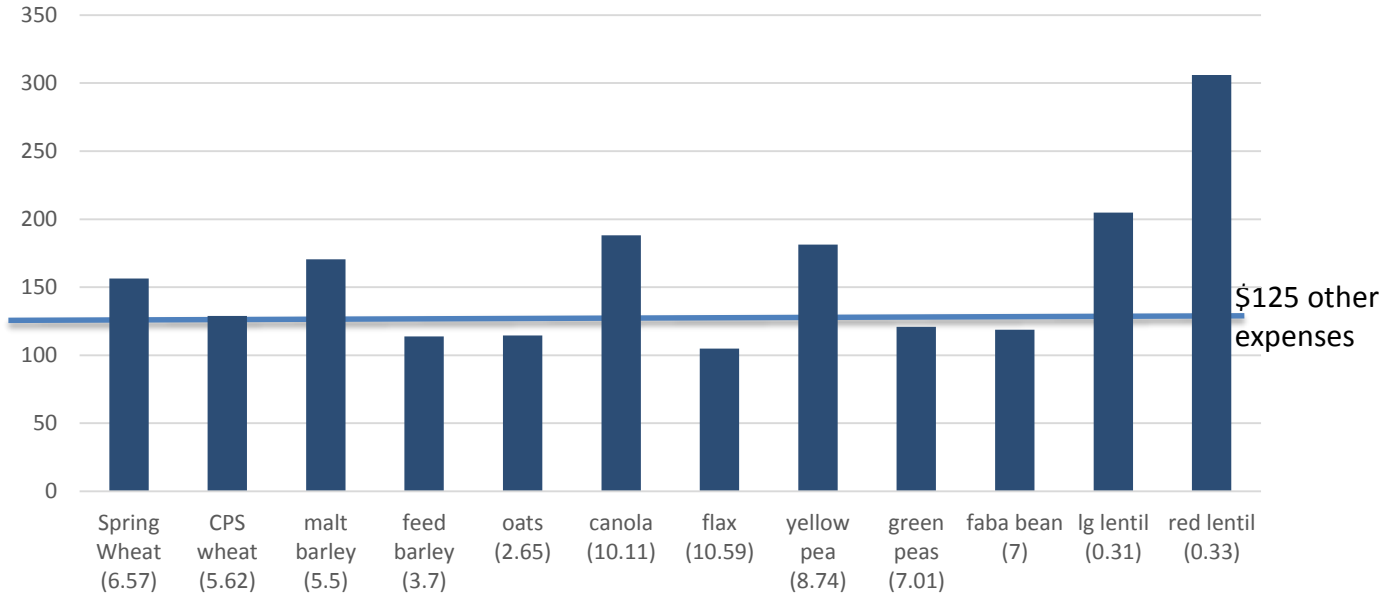
POD ISSUES



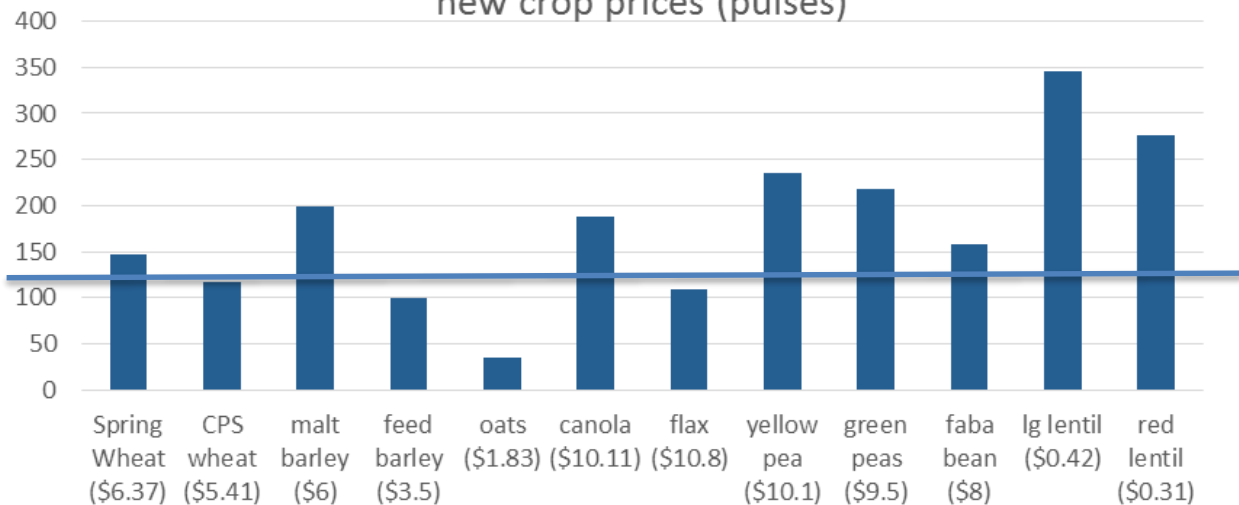
ECONOMICS

- Using Crop Planning Guide 2015 for Black Soil Zone
- Faba bean expenses – similar to pea (seed cost and P fertilizer up, no rolling, less fungicides, easier harvest)
- Pea yields – 39.2, Faba bean – 40 bu/acre
- Faba bean prices - \$6 to \$14 (used \$7 for CPG, \$8 for new crop)

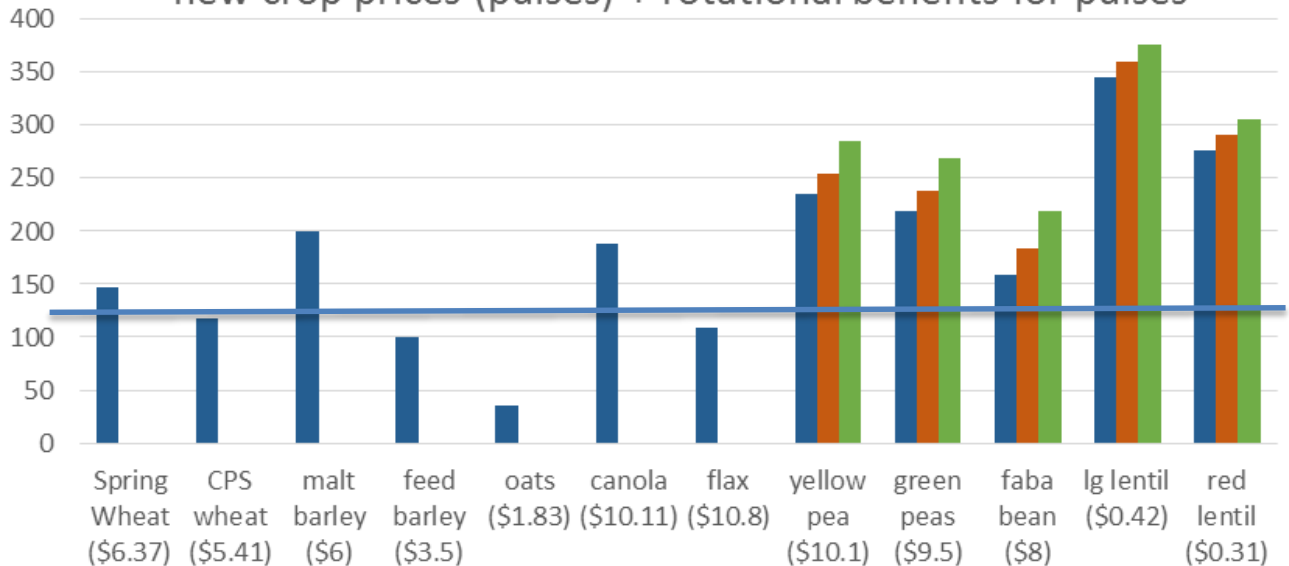
return over variable expenses based on CPG 2016



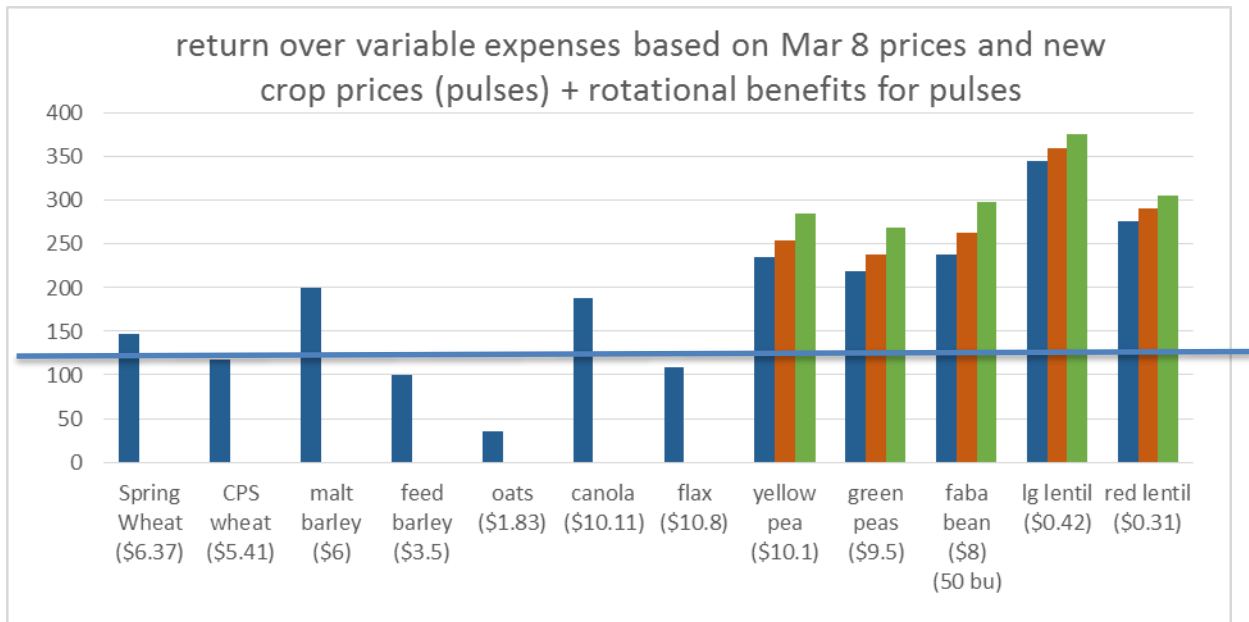
return over variable expenses based on Mar 8 prices and
new crop prices (pulses)



return over variable expenses based on Mar 8 prices and new crop prices (pulses) + rotational benefits for pulses



Rotational benefit - \$20 to \$50/acre for peas



Need to get to 50 bu/acre faba beans @ \$8/bushel = PEAS

THANK YOU!!!



Source: S. Phelps, SPG 2015

sphelps@saskpulse.com

www.saskpulse.com



@AgronomistSPG